

## Calibration rules for flow vector measurement assembly

Test flight **24-03-2017, V3 kite, KCU1**. Data processed in MSc-thesis Johannes Oehler

Sideslip angle  $\beta$ : positive when inflow is from the right side w.r.t. forward view

Vertical inflow angle  $\alpha_m$ : positive when inflow comes from below

$$\beta = (0,222513 - \frac{U1}{U_{ref}}) \frac{180}{0,24736}$$

U1 is signal voltage for sideslip angle

$$\alpha = (\frac{U2}{U_{ref}} - 0,303865) \frac{180}{0,252629}$$

U2 is signal voltage for vertical inflow angle

Air density  $\rho$  and total magnitude of flow velocity  $v_a$

$$\rho = \frac{p_{baro} - 370Pa}{R(284,4K - 0,01\frac{K}{m}(alt - 330m))}$$

284,4K was temperature at 330m altitude

$$v_a = \sqrt{\frac{2 * (\Delta p_{pitot} + 30Pa)}{\rho * 0,971}}$$

0,971 is pitot correction obtained in Windtunnel

Matlab code: X=CSV-data

```
beta=(0.222513-X(:,8)./X(:,10))*180/0.24736;  
betasmooth=smooth(beta,11);
```

```
alpha=(X(:,9)./X(:,10)-0.303865)*180/0.2526286;  
alphasmooth=smooth(alpha,11);
```

For both angles smoothing over 0,5s minimum should be applied (11 datapoints at 20Hz) to dampen voltage oscillation noise.

```
R=287.06;  
smoothDiffPressure=smooth(X(start:ende,6),21,'rlowess');  
density=(100*X(start:ende,7)-370)/R./(284.4-.01.*(X(start:ende,16)-330));  
density=smooth(density,21);  
vA=real(sqrt(2*(smoothDiffPressure+30)./density/.971));
```